telecommunications carrier or an interconnected VoIP or VRS or IP Relay provider. "Facilitate" is defined as the interconnected VoIP or VRS or IP Relay provider's affirmative legal obligation to take all steps necessary to initiate or allow a port-in or port-out itself or through the telecommunications carriers, if any, that it relies on to obtain numbering resources, subject to a valid port request, without unreasonable delay or unreasonable procedures that have the effect of delaying or denying porting of the NANP-based telephone number.

(b) An interconnected VoIP or VRS or IP Relay provider may not enter into any agreement that would prohibit an end-user customer or a Registered Internet-based TRS User from porting between interconnected VoIP or VRS or IP Relay providers, or to or from a telecommunications carrier.

[73 FR 9481, Feb, 21, 2008, as amended at 73 FR 41294, July 18, 2008]

§ 52.35 Porting Intervals.

- (a) All telecommunications carriers required by the Commission to port telephone numbers must complete a simple wireline-to-wireline or simple intermodal port request within one business day unless a longer period is requested by the new provider or by the customer. The traditional work week of Monday through Friday represents mandatory business days and 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. represents minimum business hours, excluding the current service provider's company-defined holidays. An accurate and complete Local Service Request (LSR) must be received by the current service provider between 8 a.m. and 1 p.m. local time for a simple port request to be eligible for activation at midnight on the same day. Any simple port LSRs received after this time will be considered received on the following business day at 8 a.m. local time.
- (b) Small providers, as described in the 2009 LNP Porting Interval Order, must comply with this section by February 2, 2011.
- (c) Unless directed otherwise by the Commission, any telecommunications carrier granted a waiver by the Commission of the one-business day porting interval described in paragraph (a)

must complete a simple wireline-towireline or simple intermodal port request within four business days unless a longer period is requested by the new provider or by the customer.

- (d) All telecommunications carriers required by the Commission to port telephone numbers must complete a non-simple wireline-to-wireline or non-simple intermodal port request within four business days unless a longer period is requested by the new provider or by the customer.
 - (e) For purposes of this section:
- (1) The term "telecommunications carrier" includes an interconnected Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) provider as that term in defined in §52.21(h):
- (2) The term "local time" means the predominant time zone of the Number Portability Administration Center (NPAC) Region in which the telephone number is being ported; and
- (3) The term "intermodal ports" includes
 - (i) Wireline-to-wireless ports;
 - (ii) Wireless-to-wireline ports; and
- (iii) Ports involving interconnected VoIP service.

[75 FR 35315, June 22, 2010]

§ 52.36 Standard data fields for simple port order processing.

- (a) A telecommunications carrier may require only the data described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section to accomplish a simple port order request from an end user customer's new telecommunication's carrier.
 - (b) Required standard data fields.
 - (1) Ported telephone number;
 - (2) Account number;
 - (3) Zip code;
 - (4) Company code;
 - (5) New network service provider;
 - (6) Desired due date;
 - (7) Purchase order number;
 - (8) Version;
- (9) Number portability direction indicator:
- (10) Customer carrier name abbreviation:
 - (11) Requisition type and status;
 - (12) Activity;
- (13) Telephone number of initiator; and
 - (14) Agency authority status.

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- (c) Optional standard data field. The Passcode field shall be optional unless the passcode has been requested and assigned by the end user.
- (d) For purposes of this section, the term "telecommunications carrier" includes an interconnected VoIP provider as that term is defined in §52.21(h).

[75 FR 35315, June 22, 2010]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 75 FR 35315, June 22, 2010, §52.36 was added. This section contains information collection and record-keeping requirements and will not become effective until approval has been given by the Office of Management and Budget.

§§ 52.37-52.99 [Reserved]

Subpart D—Toll Free Numbers

SOURCE: 62 FR 20127, Apr. 25, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

§52.101 General definitions.

As used in this part:

- (a) Number Administration and Service Center ("NASC"). The entity that provides user support for the Service Management System database and administers the Service Management System database on a day-to-day basis.
- (b) Responsible Organization ("RespOrg"). The entity chosen by a toll free subscriber to manage and administer the appropriate records in the toll free Service Management System for the toll free subscriber.
- (c) Service Control Points. The regional databases in the toll free network
- (d) Service Management System Database ("SMS Database"). The administrative database system for toll free numbers. The Service Management System is a computer system that enables Responsible Organizations to enter and amend the data about toll free numbers within their control. The Service Management System shares this information with the Service Control Points. The entire system is the SMS database.
- (e) Toll Free Subscriber. The entity that requests a Responsible Organization to reserve a toll free number from the SMS database.
- (f) Toll Free Number. A telephone number for which the toll charges for completed calls are paid by the toll free subscriber. The toll free sub-

scriber's specific geographic location has no bearing on what toll free number it can obtain from the SMS database.

§52.103 Lag times.

- (a) *Definitions*. As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
- (1) Assigned Status. A toll free number record that has specific subscriber routing information entered by the Responsible Organization in the Service Management System database and is pending activation in the Service Control Points.
- (2) Disconnect Status. The toll free number has been discontinued and an exchange carrier intercept recording is being provided.
- (3) Lag Time. The interval between a toll free number's reservation in the Service Management System database and its conversion to working status, as well as the period of time between disconnection or cancellation of a toll free number and the point at which that toll free number may be reassigned to another toll free subscriber.
- (4) Reserved Status. The toll free number has been reserved from the Service Management System database by a Responsible Organization for a toll free subscriber.
- (5) Seasonal Numbers. Toll free numbers held by toll free subscribers who do not have a year-round need for a toll free number.
- (6) Spare Status. The toll free number is available for assignment by a Responsible Organization.
- (7) Suspend Status. The toll free service has been temporarily disconnected and is scheduled to be reactivated.
- (8) *Unavailable Status*. The toll free number is not available for assignment due to an unusual condition.
- (9) Working Status. The toll free number is loaded in the Service Control Points and is being utilized to complete toll free service calls.
- (b) Reserved Status. Toll free numbers may remain in reserved status for up to 45 days. There shall be no extension of the reservation period after expiration of the initial 45-day interval.
- (c) Assigned Status. Toll free numbers may remain in assigned status until changed to working status or for a